

# ZYMUTEST Anti-Annexin V, IgM

## # RK005B

Assay of auto-antibodies to Annexin V, IgM isotypes, by ELISA  
**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY.**  
**NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.**

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### INTENDED USE:

The ZYMUTEST anti-Annexin V, IgM ELISA kit, is a standardised and optimised enzyme immunoassay designed for measuring auto-antibodies to Annexin V of the IgM isotype, in human plasma or serum or in any biological fluid where auto-antibodies to Annexin V must be measured.  
**This kit is for research use only and should not be used for patient diagnosis or treatment.**

### ASSAY PRINCIPLE:

The assay of human auto-antibodies to Annexin V, with the ZYMUTEST anti-Annexin V, IgM kit, is designed with highly purified human recombinant Annexin V coated onto a micro ELISA plate.

The diluted plasma sample or biological fluid is introduced into one of the microwells of the coated plate. When present, anti-Annexin V auto-antibodies bind to immobilised Annexin V. Following a washing step, bound auto-antibodies, of the IgG isotype, are revealed with a goat anti-human IgM (F<sub>μ</sub> specific)-peroxidase conjugate, which reacts specifically with IgM isotypes. Following a new washing step, the peroxidase substrate, Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in presence of hydrogen peroxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>), is introduced, and a blue colour develops. The colour turns yellow when the reaction is stopped with sulfuric acid. The colour developed is directly proportional to the amount of anti-Annexin V auto-antibodies, of the IgM isotype, present in the tested sample.

### TESTED SAMPLES:

- Trisodium citrate or Na<sub>2</sub> EDTA anticoagulated human plasma or human serum.
- Any biological fluid, where human auto-antibodies to Annexin V, of the IgM isotype, must be assayed.

### REAGENTS:

1. **COAT:** Micro ELISA plate, containing 12 strips of 8 wells, coated with highly purified human recombinant Annexin V, then stabilized; the plate is packed in an aluminium pouch hermetically sealed in presence of a desiccant.
2. **SD:** Two vials containing 50 ml of **Autoimmunity Sample Diluent**, ready to use. Contains Sodium Azide.
3. **CAL:** Three vials of **anti-Annexin V, IgM, calibrator**, lyophilised. When restored with 1 ml of **Autoimmunity Sample Diluent**, the ready to use calibrator is obtained (**already diluted 1:100**).  
This calibrator has a defined anti-Annexin V concentration, expressed in **Arbitrary Units (AU)** and indicated on the flyer provided with the kit.
4. **C-**: Three vials of **negative control**, lyophilised (diluted normal human plasma). When restored with 1 ml of **Autoimmunity Sample Diluent**, the ready to use negative control is obtained (**already diluted 1:100**).
5. **IC:** Three vials of **immunoconjugate (Anti-IgM (F<sub>μ</sub>)-HRP immunoconjugate)**, affinity purified goat antibodies specific for human IgM-Fc<sub>γ</sub>, coupled to HRP, lyophilised.
6. **CD:** One vial of 25 ml of **Conjugate Diluent**, ready to use.
7. **WS:** One vial of 50 ml of 20 fold concentrated **Wash Solution**.
8. **TMB:** One vial of 25 ml peroxidase substrate: 3,3',5,5' - **Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB)** containing hydrogen peroxide, ready to use.
9. **SA:** One vial of 6 ml of **0.45M Sulfuric acid (Stop Solution)**, ready to use.

**Note:** Use only components from kits with a same lot number. Do not mix components from different lots of kits when running the assay.

### REAGENTS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED:

- **8-channel or repeating pipette** allowing dispensing 50-300 µl.
- **1-channel pipettes** at variable volumes from 0 to 20 µl, 20 to 200 µl and 200 to 1000 µl.
- **Micro ELISA plate washing equipment and shaker.**
- **Micro ELISA plate reader** with a wavelength set up at 450 nm.
- **Distilled water.**

### REAGENTS PREPARATION, STORAGE AND STABILITY:

In their original packaging box, before use, when stored at 2-8°C, the unopened reagents are stable until the expiration date printed on the box.

1. **Micro ELISA plate:** open the plastic pouch and take off the required amounts of 8 well strips for the test series. When out of the pouch, the strips must be used within 30 minutes. Unused strips can be stored at **2-8°C for 4 weeks** in their original aluminium pouch, in presence of the desiccant, hermetically closed and protected from any moisture, and stored in the provided microplate storage bag (minigrip).
2. **Autoimmunity Sample Diluent:** It is ready to use. When open, it can be used for **4 weeks**, stored at **2-8°C**, and provided that any bacterial contamination is avoided during use.

**Warning:** The **Autoimmunity Sample Diluent** contains sodium azide (0.9 g/l), which may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Flush with large volumes of water when discarding into a sink.

3. **Calibrator:** restore each vial with 1 ml of Autoimmunity Sample Diluent in order to obtain the ready to use calibrator. It corresponds to a plasma containing IgM isotype auto-antibodies to Annexin V, already **diluted 1:100**. Following reconstitution, the calibrator is stable for **5 days at 2-8°C**, provided that any bacterial contamination is avoided during use.
4. **Negative control:** restore each vial with 1 ml Autoimmunity Sample Diluent in order to obtain the ready to use negative control. It corresponds to a normal human plasma, already **diluted 1:100**. Following reconstitution, the negative control is stable for **2 weeks at 2-8°C**, provided any bacterial contamination is avoided during use.

**Warning:** Negative control is prepared with human plasma. Any human plasma used for preparing this control is tested with registered methods and found negative for HIV antibodies, HBs Ag and HCV antibodies. However, no assay may warrant the total absence of infectious agents. Any product of human origin must then be handled with all the required cautions, as being potentially infectious.

5. **Anti-IgM (F<sub>μ</sub>)-HRP immunoconjugate:** each vial must be restored with **7.5 ml of Conjugate Diluent**. Let the pellet to be completely dissolved before use, and shake the vial gently in order to homogenize the contents. The restored conjugate is stable for at least **24 hours at room temperature** or for at least **4 weeks at 2-8°C**.
6. **Conjugate Diluent:** It is ready to use. When open, it can be used for **4 weeks**, stored at **2-8 °C**, and provided that any bacterial contamination is avoided during use. This reagent contains 0.05% Kathon CG.
7. **Wash Solution:** Incubate the vial for 15-30 minutes in a water bath, at 37°C, until complete dissolution of solids, when present. Shake the vial and dilute the amount required 1:20 in distilled water (the 50 ml contained in the vial allow preparing 1 liter of Wash Solution). The Wash Solution must be stored at **2-8°C** in its original vial and used within **4 weeks following opening**. The diluted Wash Solution must be used within **7 days**, when protected from any contamination. The concentrated wash solution contains 0.05% Kathon CG.
8. **TMB substrate:** It is ready to use. When open, it can be used for **4 weeks**, stored at **2-8°C**, and provided that any bacterial contamination is avoided during use.
9. **Stop solution:** 0.45M Sulfuric acid. It is ready to use.

**Cautions:** Sulfuric acid, although diluted to 0.45M, is caustic. As for any similar chemical, handle Sulfuric Acid with great care. Avoid any skin and eye contact. Wear protection glasses and gloves when handling.

**Note:** Bring the kit at room temperature, at least 30 min. before use. Store the unused reagents at 2-8°C.

### PROCEDURE:

#### Sample collection:

Blood plasma (9 vol.) must be collected on 0.109 M citrate anticoagulant (1 vol.); plasma supernatant is decanted following a 20 min. centrifugation at 2,500 g; citrated plasma should be tested within **24 hours** or stored frozen at -20°C or below for up to 6 months, and thawed for 15 min. at 37°C just before use. Thawed specimen must be tested within **12 hours**. EDTA collected human plasma may also be used.

Auto-antibodies to Annexin V can also be assayed on serum. However, it is better to measure these antibodies on human plasma in order to avoid inhibition by Annexin V released from blood cells during clotting.

#### Assay preparation:

Plasma or serum is tested at **1:100** dilution in Autoimmunity Sample Diluent. When high amounts of auto-antibodies to Annexin V are expected, samples must be assayed at **1:200** or **1:400** dilutions. Results must then be multiplied by **2** or **4**.

#### Assay procedure:

**Calibration curve:** The assay can be calibrated with the calibrator provided in the kit, and which concentration (**C**) is indicated in arbitrary units, (**AU**) on the flyer provided. Prepare the standard solutions for calibration by doing a serial two-step dilution of the calibrator in Autoimmunity Sample Diluent, from **1:1** to **1:32**. A concentration range from **C:1** to **C:32** is obtained.

Remove the required number of strips from the aluminium pouch, for the series of measures to be performed. Then put the strips in the frame provided. In the different wells of the micro ELISA plate introduce the reagents and perform the various assay steps as indicated on the following table:

Reagent	Volume	Procedure
<b>Anti-Annexin V IgM Calibrator</b> or <b>Negative control</b> or <b>1:100 diluted sample</b> or <b>sample diluent</b> (blank)	200 µl	Introduce the : – <b>Calibrator</b> or – <b>negative control</b> or – <b>diluted sample</b> or – <b>sample diluent</b> into the micro ELISA plate wells.
<b>Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature (18-25 °C) (a) (b)</b>		
<b>Wash Solution</b> (20 fold diluted in distilled water)	300 µl	Proceed to 5 successive washings using the washing instrument. <b>(b)</b>
<b>Conjugate</b> anti-IgM (µ)-HRP immunocjugate, restored with 7.5 ml of conjugate diluent	200 µl	Immediately after the washing, Introduce the anti-IgM (µ)-HRP immunocjugate in the micro ELISA plate wells.
<b>Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature (18-25 °C) (a)</b>		
<b>Wash Solution</b> (20 fold diluted in distilled water)	300 µl	Proceed to 5 successive washings using the washing instrument <b>(b)</b>
<b>TMB/H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Substrate</b>	200 µl	Immediately after the washing, introduce the substrate into the wells. <b>Nota:</b> The substrate distribution, row by row, must be accurate and at exact time intervals <b>(c)</b> .
Let the colour develop for <b>5 min.</b> at room temperature (18-25 °C) <b>(a)</b>		
<b>0.45M Sulfuric Acid</b>	50 µl	Following exactly the same time intervals than for the addition of substrate, stop the colour development by introducing the <b>0.45M</b> sulfuric acid <b>(c)</b>
Wait for <b>10 minutes</b> in order to allow the colour to stabilize and measure the absorbance at <b>450 nm (A<sub>450</sub>) (d)</b> . Subtract the blank value		

**Nota:**

- a) Avoid letting the plate in the bright sunlight during incubations and more particularly during colour development. A micro ELISA plate shaker can be used.
- b) Never let the plates empty between the addition of the reagents or following the washing step. The next reagent must be added within 3 minutes, in order to prevent the plate from drying, which could damage the immobilized components. If necessary, keep the plate filled with Wash Solution and empty it just before the introduction of the next reagent. The washing instrument must be adjusted in order to wash the plates gently, and to avoid a too drastic emptying, which could lower plate reactivity.
- c) For addition of the TMB substrate, the time interval between each row must be accurate and exactly determined. It must be the same when stopping the reaction.
- d) For bichromatic readings, a reference wavelength at 690 nm or at 620 nm can be used.

**QUALITY CONTROL:**

- Calibrator and negative control provided in the kit allow validating the right performance of the assay.
- Expected A<sub>450</sub> values for undiluted calibrator and for the negative control can present variations from lot to lot but they always are:

<b>P = A<sub>450</sub> for 1:1 calibrator: ≥ 1.5</b>
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<b>N = A<sub>450</sub> for negative control: ≤ 0.25</b>
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In addition, concentrations obtained for negative control must be within the acceptance range indicated on the flyer provided in the kit. If negative control is out of this range, check carefully the assay conditions and re-run the assay, if required.

**EXPRESSION OF RESULTS:**

- Results are expressed according to the A<sub>450</sub> values obtained for samples, controls and using the calibration curve.
- The calibration curve is obtained by plotting the anti-Annexin V concentrations expressed in AU on the abscissae and the corresponding A<sub>450</sub> on the ordinates (see model on the flyer). The anti-Annexin V, autoantibody concentration, of the IgM isotype, for the sample tested at the standard 1:100 dilution, and expressed in AU, is directly deduced from the curve.
- When higher dilutions are used, (i.e., D), the concentration measured must be multiplied by the complementary dilution factor (i.e., D:100 ; for example x2 for 1:200 or x4 for 1:400).
- Alternatively, an ELISA software (i.e. Dynex, Biolise, etc.), can be used for the calculation of concentrations.

The results obtained should be for research purposes only and not used for patient diagnosis or treatment.

**INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:**

A single and standardised calibrator is used for the assay calibration and the calibration range is prepared using a serial two-step dilution. This ensures a higher reliability of the assay, and a higher accuracy and reproducibility from lot to lot, and run to run, for the cut-off.

**Negative range:** The calibrator expressed in Arbitrary Unit (AU), is defined respectively to the upper limit of the normal range, which corresponds to the mean value obtained in a normal population plus 2 standard deviations (SD). By definition, this corresponds to 10 AU. Therefore:

**Negative range: < 10 AU/ml**

**Grey zone:**

**Grey Zone: ≥ 10 AU/ml to < 20 AU/ml**

**Positive range:** The positive range corresponds to the following anti-Annexin V autoantibody concentrations:

**Positive range: ≥ 20 AU/ml**

The positive range can be classified as follows:

**Low positive: ≥ 20 to < 50 AU/ml**

**Moderate positive: ≥ 50 to < 100 AU/ml**

**High positive: ≥ 100 AU/ml**

**LIMITATIONS OF THE ASSAY:**

If the washing step is not correctly performed, the negative control can produce a high absorbance value. In order to avoid non-specific colour development, check that the washing step is performed efficiently.

This assay is a research method, for investigational use only.

**ASSAY SPECIFICITY AND CHARACTERISTICS:**

The ZYMUTEST anti-Annexin V IgM Kit, specifically measures human auto-antibodies to Annexin V of the IgM isotype, reactive with immobilised Annexin V. IgG or IgA isotypes are not measured.

This assay is designed with highly purified recombinant human Annexin V. This method then provides high reproducibility, high sensitivity and high specificity.