

Data sheet **Monkey IL-2 ELISA antibody pair; 10-plate format**

Cat. No.: CT711-10

Coating antibodies (2 vials)

Product: Monoclonal antibody to monkey interleukin 2 (IL-2)
Isotype: Mouse IgG₁
Production: *In vitro* using serum free medium
Purification: Ion exchange chromatography
Buffer: Prior to lyophilization: 0.25 ml PBS + 125 mM trehalose
Application: Inject 0.25 ml distilled water into the vial and dilute 100 times in PBS. The content of one vial is sufficient for five 96-well ELISA plates (480 determinations; 50 µl/well).

Detection antibodies (2 vials)

Product: Biotinylated polyclonal antibody to monkey interleukin 2 (IL-2)
Isotype: Rabbit IgG
Purification: Ammonium sulphate precipitation and protein A-affinity chromatography
Labeling: With Biotin-7-NHS (N-hydroxysuccinimide)
Buffer: Prior to lyophilization: 0.5 ml PBS + 1% BSA + 125 mM trehalose
Application: Inject 0.5 ml distilled water into the vial and dilute 100 times in PBS + 0.5% BSA + 0.05% Tween-20. The content of one vial is sufficient for five 96-well ELISA plates (480 determinations; 100 µl/well).

Standards (5 vials)

Product: Recombinant interleukin 2 (IL-2)
Application: Cytokine standard in an ELISA system
Reconstitution: Dissolve the contents of one vial by injection of 0.5 ml distilled water into the vial. Use immediately.

Conjugate (2 vials)

Product: SPP conjugate (Streptavidin-HRP)
Application: Inject 0.5 ml distilled water into the vial and dilute 100 times in PBS + 0.5% BSA + 0.05% Tween-20. The content of one vial is sufficient for five 96-well ELISA plates (480 determinations; 100 µl/well).
The product should be used in combination with TMB substrate.

General

Sensitivity: 2 pg/ml
Specificity: Validated for detecting natural and recombinant rhesus macaque IL-2 and natural cynomolgus monkey, pig-tailed macaque, barbary macaque, baboon and African green monkey IL-2.
Standards are calibrated with recombinant rhesus macaque IL-2.
Sterility: Membrane filtered (0.2 µm)
Stability: Lyophilized SPP conjugate is stable for at least one year at -20°C in the dark, the other lyophilized products are stable for more than one year at 4°C.
After reconstitution, the antibodies are stable for one year at 4°C (if kept sterile) and SPP for minimal one year at -20°C in the dark. The reconstituted standard preparation should be used immediately.
References: Van Rompay, K.K.A. *et al.* 2004. Antiviral Res. 63: 133-138
De Swart, R.L. *et al.* 2002. J. Virology 76: 11561-11569
De Waal, L. *et al.* 2004. Vaccine 22: 915-922